# Tor censorship attempts in Russia, Iran, Turkmenistan

Roger Dingledine December 28 2023



### Outline

### (1) Intro to Tor

- (2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance
- (3) Russia
- (4) Iran
- (5) Turkmenistan
- (6) Bigger context

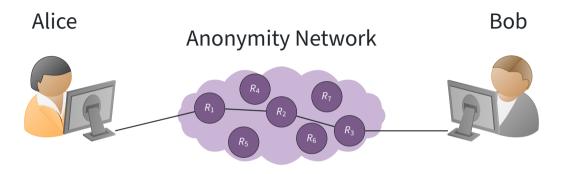
Online anonymity: open source, open network

Community of devs, researchers, users, relay operators

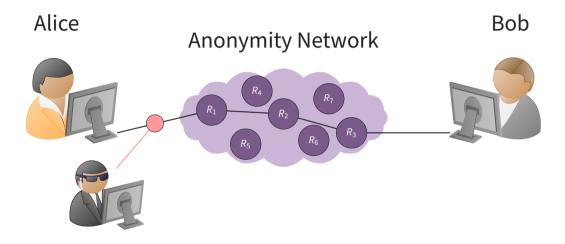
US 501(c)(3) non-profit organization with 50ish staff

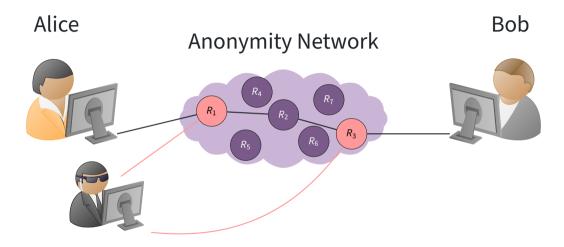
Estimated 2,000,000 to 8,000,000 daily users

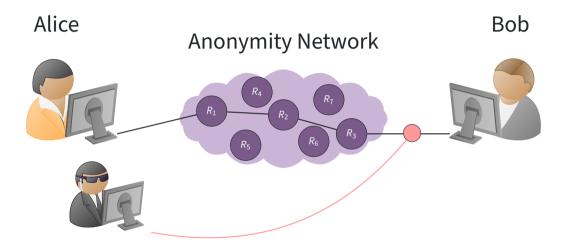
Part of larger ecosystems: internet freedom, free software, censorship resistance, anonymity research

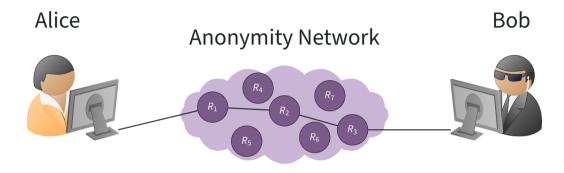


### {What can the attacker do?}

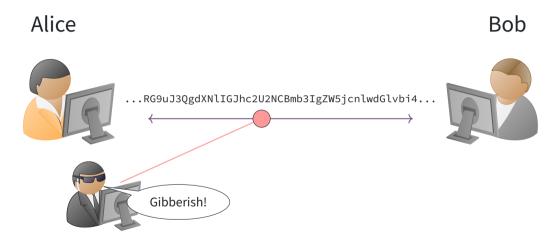








## Anonymity isn't Encryption



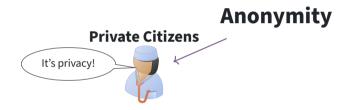
### Encryption just protects contents.

### **Communications Metadata**

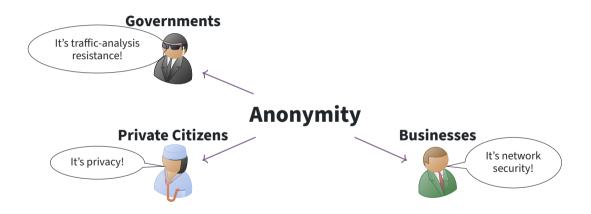


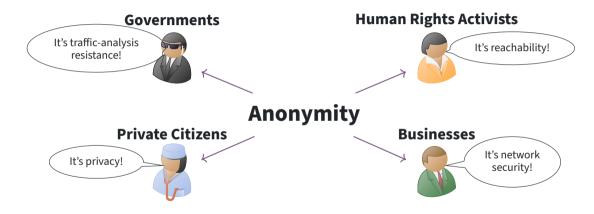
#### "We Kill People Based on Metadata."

-Michael Hayden, former director, NSA

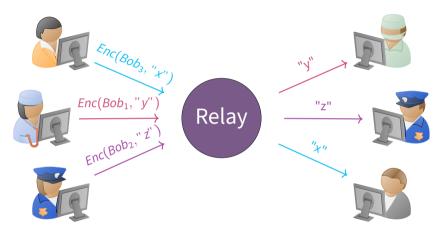






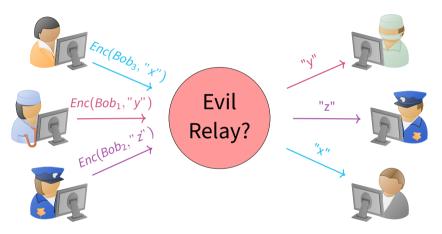


## A Simple Design

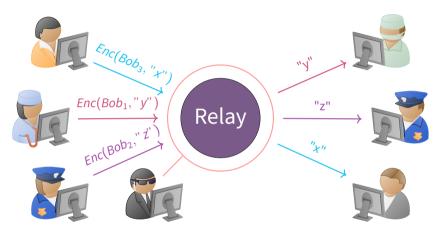


Equivalent to most commercial proxy/VPN providers.

### A Simple Design

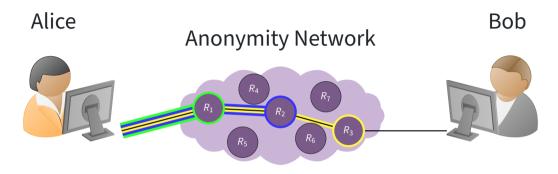


### A Simple Design

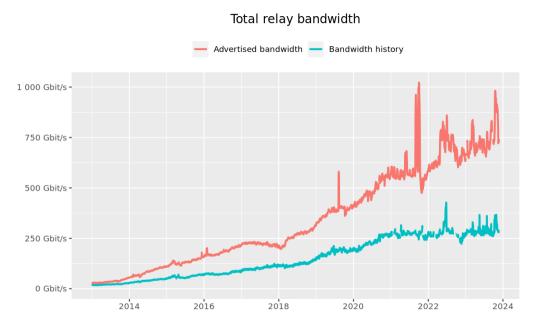


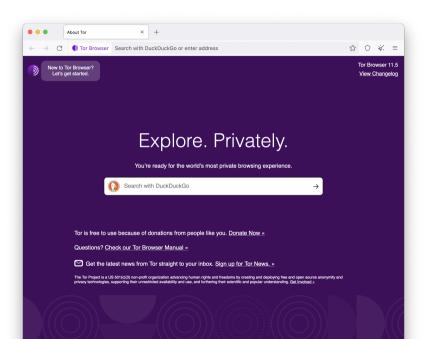
Timing analysis lets an observer match up connections.

### The Tor Design



#### Multiple relays so no single relay can link Alice to Bob.





### Transparency for Tor is key

- Open source / free software
- Public design documents and specifications
- Publicly identified developers

### Transparency for Tor is key

- Open source / free software
- Public design documents and specifications
- Publicly identified developers
- Not a contradiction: privacy is about choice!

### Outline

#### (1) Intro to Tor

### (2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance

- (3) Russia
- (4) Iran
- (5) Turkmenistan
- (6) Bigger context

### Bridges, for IP address blocking

The Tor network is made up of 8000 public relays, but the list is public and you can just fetch it and block them by IP address.

So, we have unlisted relays called "bridges" and there is a cat-and-mouse game where users try to get a bridge that the censor didn't already find.

### Pluggable transports, for DPI blocking

*Protocol-level* arms race too: the Tor protocol looks mostly like TLS, but only if you don't look too carefully.

Rather than perfectly mimicking Firefox+Apache, our "pluggable transports" design aims for modularity:

Tor's three-hop path provides the privacy, and you can plug in different *transports* that transform the first link's traffic into flows that your censor doesn't block.

## obfs4 pluggable transport

obfs4 is still the core most successful transport.

It simply adds a new layer of encryption on top, so there are no recognizable headers or formatting at the content layer.

The idea is that automated protocol classifiers won't have any good guesses, so censors are forced to either block all unclassified traffic or allow it all through.

### Snowflake pluggable transport

Snowflake makes your traffic look like a WebRTC (zoom, jitsi, skype, signal, etc) call, and those are allowed in many parts of the world.

People can volunteer as Snowflake proxies simply by installing an extension in their browser.

The resulting volume and variety of volunteers gives us more options on how to distribute them to users. Domain fronting: Makes https request to a shared cloud service (azure, fastly, etc), and tunnels traffic inside it

Outer layer says the SNI (Server Name Indicator) of a popular site, but inner layer has a different Host: header

Have to pay cloud prices for the bandwidth :(, so not great for proxying full traffic flows

## Matching bridges to users who need them

Divide obfs4 bridges into distribution buckets, where each bucket relies on a different scarce resource to rate-limit how many bridges the censor can get.

- https (get a few bridges based on your IPv4 /16)
- gmail (get a few bridges based on your username)
- moat (Tor Browser makes a domain-fronted connection, presents a captcha in-browser, and auto-populates your bridge settings).

### Matching bridges to users who need them

# and Snowflake has a similar "broker" service that matches up Snowflake users to Snowflake volunteers.

### Outline

#### (1) Intro to Tor

#### (2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance

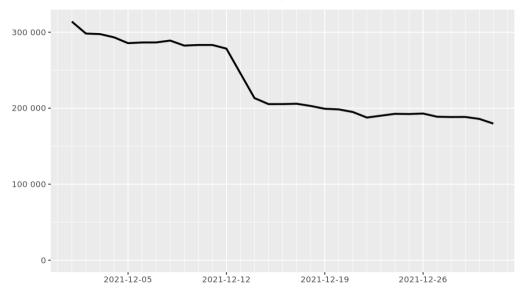
### (3) Russia

(4) Iran

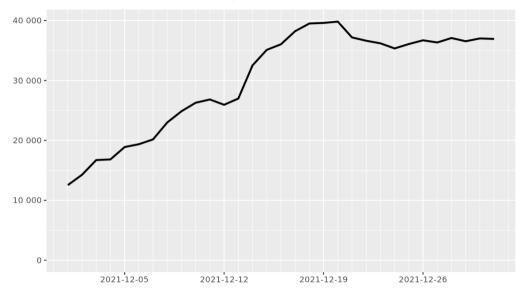
- (5) Turkmenistan
- (6) Bigger context

Some ISPs blocked (a) the public Tor relays, (b) meek-azure domain fronting, (c) Tor Browser's default obfs4 bridges, (d) some moat-distributed obfs4 bridges, (e) the Snowflake protocol.

A week later we got an actual legal notice that the Tor website was evil and they were going to censor it. Then they did. Directly connecting users from Russia



#### Bridge users from Russia



File filter - Conversations - Jump to - 😥 -

According to	de supported_groups extension for client > https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8422.html#section-5.1 tions are only sent in the ClientHello message of the TLS
🏐 cohosh c	committed on Dec 8, 2021 Unverified commit 2f8ef4e48879f1129b3432c9ac04d2f4aad8049e
✓ ‡ 11 ■	flight4handler.go
	00 -189,14 +189,9 00 func flight4Generate(c flightConn, state *State, cache *handshakeCache, cfg *han
189 189 190 190 191 191	<pre>}) } if state.cipherSuite.AuthenticationType() == CipherSuiteAuthenticationTypeCertificate {</pre>
192 193 194 195 196 197 198	<pre>extensions = append(extensions, []extension.Extension{     &amp;extension.SupportedEllipticCurves{     EllipticCurves: []elliptic.Curve{elliptic.x25519, elliptic.P256, elliptic.P384},     },     &amp;extension.SupportedPointFormats{         PointFormats: []elliptic.CurvePointFormat{elliptic.CurvePointFormatUncompressed},     },</pre>

Tó	. ≡ Menu 🛛 🗸 Q D 😗 ໃ 🧏 ✓ 🖂 🧐 🖓 🖓 🗸	🍥 ~
s	Open [Russia] Some ISPs are blocking Tor	«
0 D	Roger Dingledine @arma · 2 months ago I did some investigations on the meek-azure blocking today. We first thought that they blocked ajax.aspnetcdn.com by SNI (which would have been bad enough for collateral damage), but it turns out they blocked the whole IP address 152.199.19.160, which is what domains like ajax.aspnetcdn.com,	C
<u>†u</u>	clientlogin.cdn.skype.com, and many many others resolve to in that region of the world.	8
Ģ	I set a line in /etc/hosts to resolve ajax.aspnetcdn.com to a different azure IP address (not really practical as a suggestion for users, but good for doing the test), and meek-azure connected successfully from behind the censorship.	No mile
	Then <b>@anadahz</b> suggested I try www.santorini-view.com as a front, since it resolves to a different address, and it works as a front out-of-the-box with meek-azure.	ڻ None
	<ul> <li>Conclusion 1, Russia was happy to sign up for significant collateral damage here. Wonder if they thought that through. Maybe they did (see previous run-ins with Russia and domain fronting).</li> </ul>	<b>⊟</b> None
»	<ul> <li>Conclusion 2, I now believe it makes sense to load up the meek-azure line with a variety of front domains to round-robin among – and ideally we should pick ones that don't resolve to the same IP address.</li> </ul>	2 2



#### Tor blocked in Russia: how to circumvent censorship

Support Censorship Circumvention

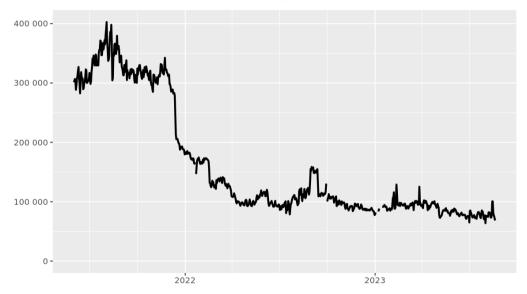
gus 👽 Community Team lead	10 🖋 Dec '21	Dec 202
Здравствуйте! Похоже, ваш Интернет-провайдер блокирует Tor. Подроб reports of Tor blocking in certain ISPs since 2021-12-01 - Russia - NTC 24k	о́нее об этом см. ООNI	<b>1 / 3</b> Dec
Tor Browser включает инструменты обхода блокировок. О том, как испо можно прочесть здесь (на русском языке):	ользовать мосты Тог,	
• МОСТЫ   Как стать переводчиком для Tor Project 6.8k		
<ul> <li>ТОК ДЛЯ МОБИЛЬНЫХ УСТРОЙСТВ   Как стать переводчиком для</li> </ul>	a Tor Project (3.6k)	
Если у Вас заблокированы вебсайты Tor Project, получить доступ к доку	ументации и другим	
ресурсам проекта можно, воспользовавшись следующими зеркалами:	:	
• Поддержка Тог 912		
• Руководство пользователя Tor Browser (451)		
• Сервис GetTor (700) - только по-английски		10-1
<ul> <li>Запуск собственного моста Тог (1.3k) - только по-английски</li> </ul>		19d ag
• Блог Tor Project (137) - только по-английски		
<ul> <li>Основной вебсайт Тог 794</li> </ul>		

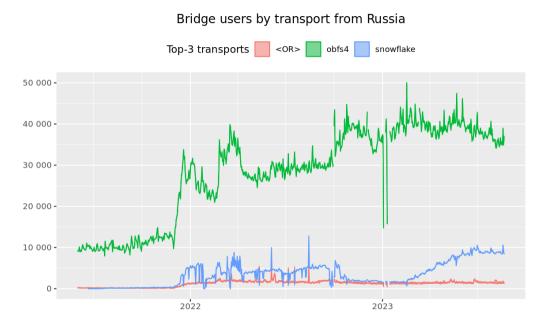
## 177k views!

	upport	Censorship	Russia: Circumventior					••• (	💄 Log In	QE	≡
<ul> <li>Itor-project Joydeep's Monthly Status Report for November 2021</li> <li>Connect to network button after upgrade</li> <li>2021 Fundraising results: thank you!</li> <li>11 more</li> </ul>											
		created Cec '21	last reply	43 replies	177k views	17 users	75 likes	46 links		~	



#### Directly connecting users from Russia





# Show an aggressive user count estimate alongside our conservative user count estimate

= Menu

W

**n** 

F

D

11

Q

Π

ស្រ

....

ନ୍ତ

1.1.

≫

On our various user graphs on the metrics site, we show a user count that assumes many users are online all day. In countries where many Tor users go online briefly to use Tor and then disappear again (e.g. from modems, internet cafes, etc), our approach means that our user counts in those countries is an underestimate – by as much as an order of magnitude.

**₽** ~

 $Q \square 9$   $112 \sim$ 

We picked that approach originally because we wanted to be publishing a clearly defensible number, but also because at the time most of our users were on good internet connections (so it wasn't so clearly wrong at first).

I find myself explaining this potential inaccuracy every time I'm showing the graphs to funders. And in the anticensorship space, I'm often talking to them about exactly the countries where people don't typically leave their Tors running 24/7 on good internet connections.

So my proposal here is to have a "high water mark" line on the user count graphs, to go with our current "low water mark" line. The reality is that the true user count lies somewhere between these two lines, and we don't know where.

~ 🎧

«

٢t

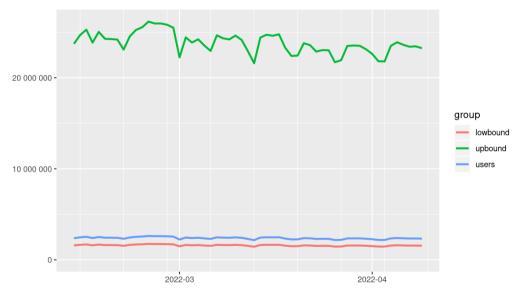
99+

@**•**~

Ø

40

Directly connecting users



# Telegram-based bridge distribution

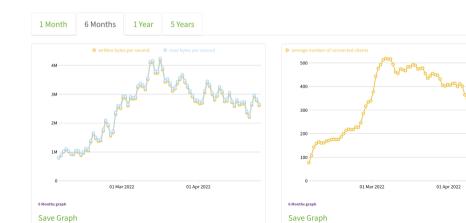
<b>Tor</b>	rt Censorship Circumven		💶 Log In 🔍 📃
Ø	3. отправить email r 4. посетить страни 5. или подключится	используя инструмент Tor Browser - Moat, to aдресу bridges@torproject.org; ty https://bridges.torproject.org 10.8k. с помощью Snowflake. рлучить мост с помощью Telegram-бота	Dec 2021 <b>1 / 36</b> Dec 2021
	2. Наберите <b>/bridge</b>	@GetBridgesBot 4.5k в Telegram. в этроку полностью. Ниже рассказано, как вручную добавить мост в Tor	
	Российские пользоват	используя инструмент Tor Browser - Moat ели могут запрашивать мосты через механизм "запросить мост с роенный в Tor Browser. Просто выполните следующие три шага:	19d ago
	<ul> <li>Основные</li> <li>Начало</li> </ul>	Quickstart Quickstart allows Tor Browser to connect automatically.	

## Insider information

### <redacted>

# A popular telegram-distributed obfs4 bridge

History



44

# Challenging the censorship legally

Юридическая команда «Роскомсвободы» теперь представляет интересы организации **The Tor Project** в России. Наши юристы обжалуют блокировку инструмента на территории страны. **Подробнее об этом читайте на сайте кампании**.

«Роскомсвобода» от имени американской общественной организации The Tor Project Inc. обжалует блокировку сайта анонимного браузера в России.https://t.co/GN8897ITpp

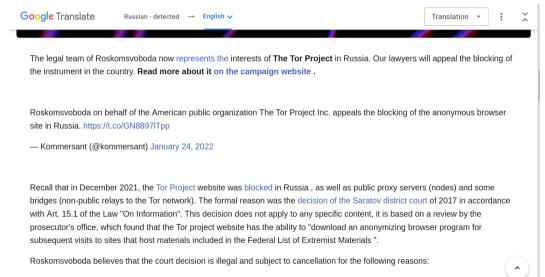
— Коммерсантъ (@kommersant) January 24, 2022

Напомним, в декабре 2021 года в России заблокировали сайт Tor Project, а также публичные прокси-серверы (узлы) и некоторые мосты (непубличные ретрансляторы в сеть Tor). Формальной причиной послужило Решение саратовского районного суда от 2017 года в соответствии со ст. 15.1 закона «Об информации». Данное решение не касается какого-то определённого контента, в его основании лежит проверка прокуратуры, которая установила, что на сайте проекта Tor есть возможность для «скачивания программы браузера-анонимайзера для последующего посещения сайтов, на которых размещены материалы, включённые в Федеральный список экстремистских материалов».

«Роскомсвобода» считает, что решение суда является незаконным и подлежащим отмене по следующим причинам:

 решение нарушает конституционное право на свободное предоставление, получение и распространение информации защиту тайны частной жизни;

# Challenging the censorship legally



1. the decision violates the constitutional right to freely provide, receive and disseminate information and protect privacy;

#### ≡ Menu ÷ Q ໍາ 🔁 🗸 99+ 0 Open [Russia] Some ISPs are blocking Tor S « 0 Gus 🍕 @gus · 1 month ago Author Owner 6... ٢t Some updates here: .... 1. Tor news: Ban on Tor's website overturned in Russian court; With the help of digital rights h group Roskomsvoboda, we successfully overturned a ban on the Tor Project's website (torproject.org) in Russia! This means that the Russian governmental agency responsible for Ø censorship will have to remove Tor from its block list. We will be returning to court for more hearings and litigation, and this time. Google is included as a third party in the case, as the Russian authorities are demanding that Tor Browser for Android be removed from the Play Store. We will keep you updated on new developments as they happen. No mil... https://roskomsvoboda.org/post/google-v-dele-tor/ ဓ

2. Sandvine stopping all sales in Russia:"Since Russia's invasion of Ukraine, Sandvine has pulled back on its Russia work, stopping all sales in the country, a spokesperson said. In addition, the spokesperson said the company's equipment was used in Russia for billing and "quality of convice" and not to consor the internet." https://www.bloomborg.com/powe/articles.

>>

None

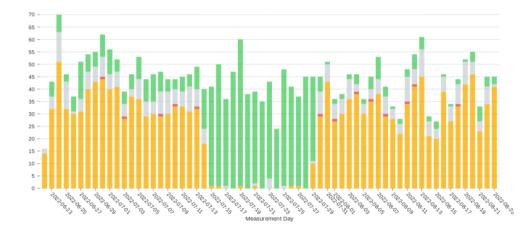
Ň

#### Russia

### OONI

Web Connectivity Test, www.torproject.org

ok\_count confirmed\_count contained\_count failure\_count

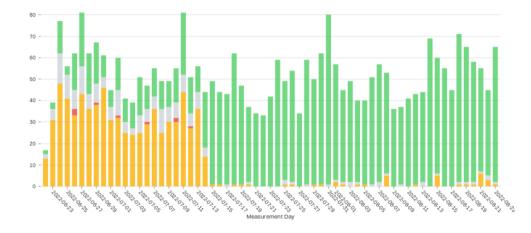


#### Russia

#### OONI

Web Connectivity Test, bridges.torproject.org

ok\_count confirmed\_count cont count count count



# Censorship authority dox

гаче

Main page About Donate FAO Contact Recent changes

#### Tools

What links here Related changes Special pages Printable version Permanent link Page information

### Roskomnadzor

JISCUSSIUI

Over 360.000 files from the Russian Federal Service for Supervision of Communications, Information Technology and Mass Media (previously the Russian Federal Surveillance Service for Compliance with the Legislation in Mass Media and Cultural Heritage Protection). often abbreviated and referred to as Роскомнадзор or Roskomnadzor. Roskomnadzor is the Russian agency responsible for monitoring, controlling and censoring Russian mass media as well as compliance with personal data processing requirements and coordinating activities involving radio frequencies.

Roskomnadzor's activities are always a matter of public interact to the people of Puccia and to

Search Distributed L Q

#### RELEASE

#### Roskomnadzor / Роскомнадзор

Over 360,000 files from Roskomnadzor, the Russian agency responsible for monitoring, controlling and censoring Russian mass media.

Более 360.000 файлов Роскомнадзора. Российского агентства, отвечающего за наблюдение, контроль и цензуру СМИ России

#### DATASET DETAILS

COUNTRIES	Russia
ГҮРЕ	Hack

Russia inconsistently crawling all three legacy categories of obfs4 bridges (moat, https, email)

But still not instantaneous: new bridges last days to weeks

Other obfs4 bridges still work fine

Snowflake and meek continue to work, but are slower

# Punishing credit card VPN payments

INSIGHTS & ANALYSIS > ARTICLE > EUROPE'S EDGE

### **Russia's Bankers Become Secret Policemen**

By Irina Borogan and Andrei Soldatov

November 9, 2023

🕑 (in) (f)

The Kremlin is conscripting all sorts of unlikely allies in its campaign to deny accurate news and current affairs material to its citizens.



# Outline

### (1) Intro to Tor

(2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance

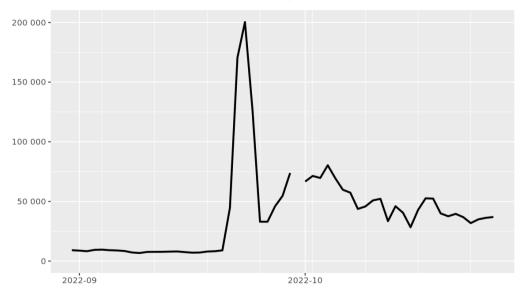
<del>(3) Russia</del>

### (4) Iran

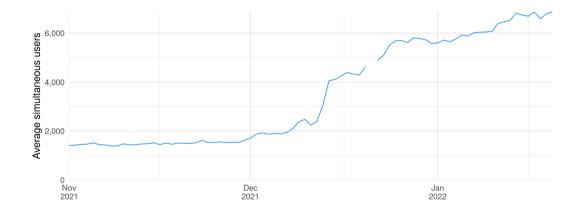
(5) Turkmenistan

(6) Bigger context

#### Directly connecting users from Iran



### Snowflake users under Russia censorship





#### Daily Snowflake users in 2022



باران 👖 توییت پین 👖 @radfembaran

ایرانیهای خارج نشین، میخواین کمک کنین؟ Snowflake رو نصب کنید، مثل به بل ميمونه. من الان هيچكدوم از VPNهام كار نمیکنن، Orbot رو نصب کردم و کانکت شدم و به لطف بچههای خارج که Snowflake نصب كردن توييتر، تلگرام و واتسپ رو باز كردم. #مهسا\_اميني Opiran# لىنكش:

### snowflake.torproject.org

0.8

Translate Tweet 가 내 후 때 2:27 PM

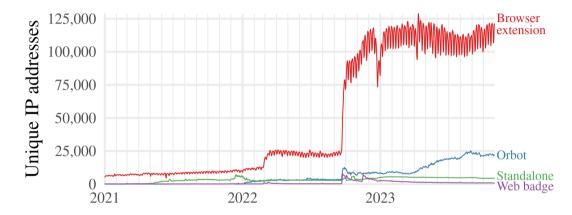
### Google Play Ranking: The Top Free Overall in Iran

Track the rankings of your Android apps for free with AppBrain. The rankings are refreshed daily from Google Play.

<b>™</b> csv	Top F	ree 🔻 Iran	▼ Overall	▼		
Rank		Арр	Category	Rating	Installs	
1	-	by The Tor Browser	Communication	**** 4.4	10 M+	I
2	<b>≜</b> 1	Orbot: Tor for Android by The Tor Project	Communication	<b>★★★★</b> ★ 4.2	10 M+	I
3	<b>≁</b> 1	HulaVPN - Fast Secure VPN by Hula Link	Tools	<b>★★★★</b> ★ 4.2	1 M+	I
4	-	VPN Fast - Secure VPN Proxy by Phone Master Lab	Tools	**** 4.7	10 M+	I
5	-	Turbo VPN - Secure VPN Proxy           by Innovative Connecting	/ Tools	**** 4.7	100 M+	
6	4	Ultrasurf - Fast Unlimited VPN	Tools	<b>★★★★★</b> 4.8	10 M+	

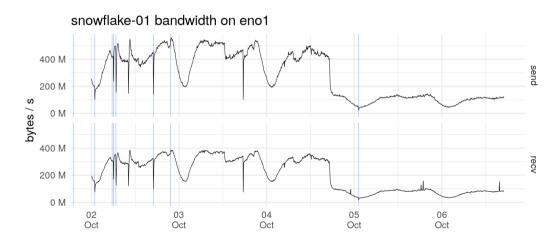
58

# Snowflake volunteers



# Snowflake activity reported by back-end

### server



Tór	≡	Q
-----	---	---

D

 $\gg$ 

Open Sudden reduction in snowflake-01 bridge bandwidth, 2022-10-04 17:15

David Fifield @dcf · 3 weeks ago

(Author) (Owner) 🙂

I think I found the cause. The snowflake-server process was running out of file descriptors. I am not sure why that should have caused such a drastic reduction in throughput, but the log messages around the time of the drop are clear:

2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files; r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 handleConn: failed to connect to ORPort: dial tcp [scrubbed]->[scrubbed]: 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 handleConn: failed to connect to ORPort: error reading TOR PT AUTH COOKIE 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 handleConn: failed to connect to ORPort: error reading TOR PT AUTH COOKIE 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 http: Accept error: accept tcp [scrubbed]: accept4: too many open files: r 2022/10/04 17:13:59 handleConn: failed to connect to ORPort: error reading TOR PT AUTH COOKIE 2022/10/04 17:13:59 handleConn: failed to connect to ORPort: error reading TOR PT AUTH COOKIE 2022/10/04 17:14:01 http: TLS handshake error from [scrubbed]: EOF 2022/10/04 17:14:03 http: TLS handshake error from [scrubbed]: read tcp [scrubbed]->[scrubbed]

«

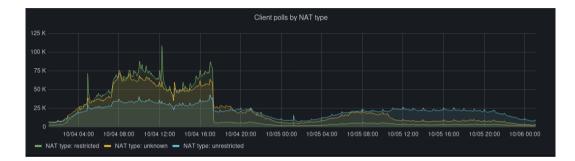
 $\bigcirc$ 

None

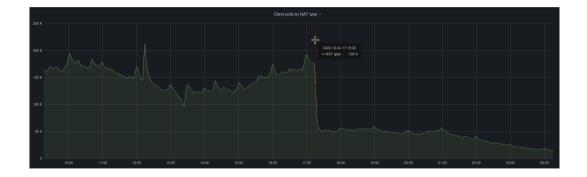
۲

ĥ

Tór		٦			<b>₽</b> ~ ♪ <mark>8</mark>	\$ <mark>`}3</mark> ~ ⊻ <del>(99+</del> ) ??•	× 🎯 ~
s	D Open	Sudden red	luction in snowflake-01 brid	dge bandwidth, 2022-10-0	4 17:15		«
0		country	2022-10-04 17:01:14	2022-10-05 17:01:14	increase/decrease		
Đ		ir	52408	15680	-70%		
□> រ		??	12232	8208	-33%		۲
13 12		us	10560	4480	-58%		$\Diamond$
Φ		ru	5232	5056	-3%		1
ତ		cn	656	600	-9%		No mil
\$		mu	648	384	-41%		白
ц. Ш		tn	472	200	-58%		None
Ę		de	408	624	+53%		ڻ None
X		ma	256	112	-56%		۲
		gb	208	272	+31%		۲
*		eg	200	168	-16%		6



# number of clients contacting the Snowflake broker



Tór	≡	Q Dr@ 13 ~ Cr@+ @*~ 🍪				
S		Pen Sudden reduction in snowflake-01 bridge bandwidth, 2022-10-04 17:15	«			
0	D	David Fifield @dcf · 1 week ago				
E.		However the metrics do show that the cause is not a country-wide block of broker rendezvous.	⊡			
D		I have a new working hypothesis: the sudden decline is caused by a partial block of the broker in Iran. As for why				
82		countries other than Iran are seemingly affected, my best guess is that they are geolocation errors: IP addresses in Iran wrongly being attributed to other countries (chiefly us and ??).				
13		mongy song attributed to other countries (unleng us and 11).	$\Diamond$			
Φ	Below are the top 20 countries according to dirreq-v3-reqs on 2022-10-04, and how much they changed 24 hours later.					
ତ			🕔 lo mil			
¢		Here's that information with more context.				
<b>⊞</b>			⊟ None			
<u>1-11</u>			Ō			
Ģ			None			
X			0			
		19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 • cn Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep Sep	۲			
»			£			



#### Unexplained drop in Snowflake client polls and bandwidth, testers wanted #131

wkrp opened this issue 21 days ago · 68 comments



#### SaSyda commented 21 days ago

• •

ok, the thing is i've been using tor in the first days of outage, but for certain reasons, been using other solution for the days since. As i saw ur post last night, decided to help out and started things up, first thing i realised, i could connect from my pc but not my mac laptop, but on a second thought i'm using tor browser on windows and orbot on mac. so i downloaded tor browser on mac os and wow! it's connecting with superspeeds, so, my conclusion, it's not actually a problem of ur systems, but the fact that people are mainly using orbot, and whatever thing they've done to stop us, is related to that app and the streams its using and going through. actually i'm more confident about my assumption, cuz i've suggested orbot to many people as it runs on mobile devices and clearly most users in iran use a phone to get to websites like instagram or certain messengers. And computer celebs over twitter and other places, been suggesting that app as well.

And i assume, as I can connect to the free internet, my log is no use to u, but still, tell me if u need me to send it as i could successfully go through ur tutorial.

and in my next experiments, i'll be using cellular connection, as it has been way heavier censored and the so called "national internet" which is an actual intranet with measures to limit connection to foreign servers and computers, is mainly implemented on OTG internet connections.

# Reachability testing from inside Iran

	Works?
Tor Browser Linux	yes
Tor Browser Android	yes
Orbot	yes
Orbot	no

Tór	≡ Q ₽ ~ D(8) 11(3) ~ C(99+) (?•~	🎯 ~
S	Open Sudden reduction in snowflake-01 bridge bandwidth, 2022-10-04 17:15	«
0	D David Fifield @dcf · 1 week ago	
E-	Thank you, that's very helpful. The fingerprint of your orbot.pcap is indeed identical to my one. In tlsfingerprint.io	
D	terms, it is adfe55afa6f23950.	
82	This fingerprint adfe55afa6f23950 differs only minorly from 750e3f0f585283bd, which was observed in https://github.com/net4people/bbs/issues/139#issuecomment-1280057679 to be produced by a Go program	
B	running on Raspberry Pi.	Ø
Φ	The critical thing in native Go crypto/tls fingerprints since go1.17 is that the order of ciphersuites depends on	1
ତ	whether the platform has support for accelerated AES-GCM. See how there are two versions of everything:	0
ଚ୍ଚ	cipherSuitesPreferenceOrder and cipherSuitesPreferenceOrderNoAES; defaultCipherSuitesTLS13 and defaultCipherSuitesTLS13NoAES. This explains the two different ciphersuite orderings you observed. The	No mil
÷	choice of which to use happens at runtime:	H None
hu	hasGCMAsmAMD64 = cpu.X86.HasAES && cpu.X86.HasPCLMULQDQ	
Ð	hasGCMAsmARM64 = cpu.ARM64.HasAES & cpu.ARM64.HasAES	() None
X	hasGCMAsmS390X = cpu.S390X.HasAES && cpu.S390X.HasAESCBC && cpu.S390X.HasAESCTR && (cpu.S390X.HasGHASH    cpu.S390X.HasAESGCM)	
	hasAESGCMHardwareSupport = runtime.GOARCH == "amd64" & hasGCMAsmAMD64	۲
	runtime.GOARCH == "arm64" && hasGCMAsmARM64    runtime.GOARCH == "s390x" && hasGCMAsmS390X	
»		£

# Reachability testing from inside Iran

	Works?	
Tor Browser Linux	yes	$\leftarrow$ go 1.17, AES-GCM
Tor Browser Android	yes	$\Leftarrow$ go 1.18, AES-GCM
Tor Browser Android	yes	$\Leftarrow$ go 1.18, no AES-GCM
Orbot	yes	$\Leftarrow$ go 1.17, AES-GCM
Orbot	no	$\Leftarrow$ go 1.17, no AES-GCM

#### $\equiv$ README.md

# UTLS



uTLS is a fork of "crypto/tls", which provides ClientHello fingerprinting resistance, low-level access to handshake, fake session tickets and some other features. Handshake is still performed by "crypto/tls", this library merely changes ClientHello part of it and provides low-level access. Golang 1.11+ is required.

If you have any questions, bug reports or contributions, you are welcome to publish those on GitHub. If you want to do so in private, you can contact one of developers personally via sergey.frolov@colorado.edu

Documentation below may not keep up with all the changes and new features at all times, so you are encouraged to use godoc.

#### Ensturne



#### Shutdowns, intensified blocking in Iran since 2022-09-21 #125

wkrp opened this issue on Sep 21 · 45 comments



n8fr8 commented 7 days ago

• • •

Orbot for Android 16.6.3-BETA-2-tor.0.4.7.10 with utls enabled, now available here: https://github.com/guardianproject/orbot/releases/tag/16.6.3-BETA-2-tor.0.4.7.10

(arm64 direct APK: https://github.com/guardianproject/orbot/releases/download /16.6.3-BETA-2-tor.0.4.7.10/Orbot-16.6.3-BETA-2-tor.0.4.7.10-fullperm-arm64-v8a-release.apk )

This uses "utls-imitate=hellochrome\_auto" - we will add the other options and ability to customize/select in the next update.

This release also has the ability to get Snowflake logs directly from the log window (enable Prefs->DEBUG log, tap on status messages to open log window, tap on snowflake icon to show snowflake log, then share!)







#### Unexplained drop in Snowflake client polls and bandwidth, testers wanted #131

wkrp opened this issue 21 days ago · 68 comments



#### **iRhonin** commented 7 days ago

There is now a release available of Orbot that enables uTLS for Snowflake (from #125 (comment)).

You can download APKs here: https://github.com/guardianproject/orbot /releases/tag/16.6.3-BETA-2-tor.0.4.7.10

This release makes it possible to see the snowflake-client log. If there's a failure to connect, it will help us figure out what is going wrong. Enable **Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Debug Log**, then go back to the main screen and **Start**. Tap on a status message to show the tor log, then tap the **snowflake** snowflake icon to view the snowflake-client log.

I can confirm this works in Iran.





### Problems with Snowflake since 2023-09-20: "broker failure Unexpected error, no answer."

Support Censorship Circumvention tor-browser snowflake

#### dcf

1 🖋 Sep 21

🐣 Log In

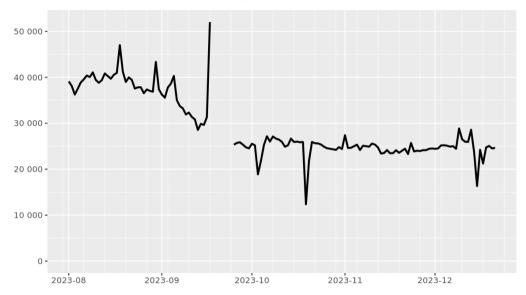
Some users are having problems connecting with Snowflake since yesterday, 2023-09-20. The anti-censorship and applications 3 teams know the cause of the problem and are working on fixing it. In the meantime, if you are an affected Snowflake user, you may be able to work around the problem using a custom bridge line.

The symptom of the problem is that Tor doesn't make progress in bootstrapping. If you look at the Tor log <sup>®</sup>, you will see messages like this:

```
[notice] Managed proxy "./client": offer created
[notice] Managed proxy "./client": broker failure Unexpected error, no answe
```

The cause of the problem is that the domain name used for the rendezvous phase 13 of making a Snowflake connection has started to resolve to a different CDN than usual. If the domain name resolves to the old CDN for 1/14 you. Snowflake still works. If it resolves to the new CDN. Snowflake doesn't work

#### Bridge users from Iran



# Down the road of the arms race (1/2)

- Consider *user impact* from the censorship arms race.
- Yes, we have steps to counter each step the censor takes. But as we move down that path, users have a higher burden to achieve a working connection.

# Down the road of the arms race (2/2)

We see this user drop-off effect already, where the number of Tor users who switched over to bridges is impressive, but it's definitely not all of them.

We need to find ways to reduce that burden, and/or slow down the arms race, else the censor wins because the average user won't care enough to bother.

# Outline

### (1) Intro to Tor

(2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance

## (3) Russia

(4) Iran

## (5) Turkmenistan

(6) Bigger context

They block most cloud networks by IP address (!) so many circumvention components, such as Hetzner/OVH/Digital Ocean obfs4 bridges, are not reachable.

They filter most destination ports internet-wide, including default ports of Snowflake's STUN servers.

## Circumvention in Turkmenistan

We've been running a set of private port 8080 obfs4 bridges on residential addresses, reliably serving a community of human rights defenders.

meek-azure (domain fronting) often works, but doesn't scale.

We set up a STUN server on port 8080 on a residential address, and it worked. Next stumbling block: volunteers are on censored addresses. Happy to accept high collateral damage from blocking So if you can pay to get 'real' internet, you will We can't solve this policy issue with technical tricks Compare to recent bandwidth overload trend in China

# Outline

### (1) Intro to Tor

(2) Intro to Tor and censorship resistance

### (3) Russia

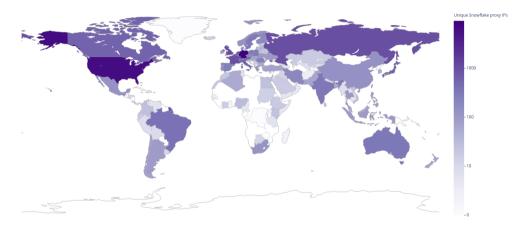
(4) Iran

(5) Turkmenistan

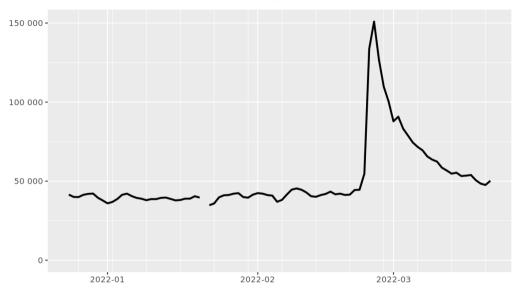
### (6) Bigger context

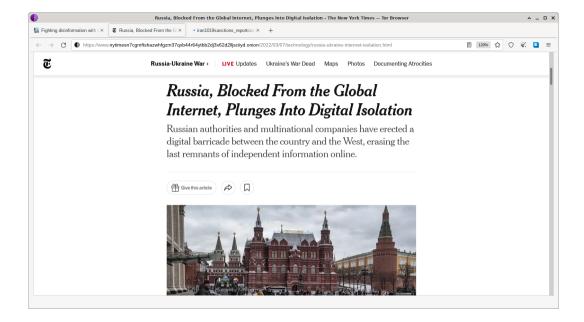
- rt.com censored from many Tor exits, because Europe (i.e. France, part of Germany, maybe more now?) pledged to censor it.
- Actually, many Tor exits can't reach sites in Russia now, because the blocking is bidirectional?
- New groups of Russian and Ukrainian exit relays, "hmm"

#### Distribution of Snowflake proxies July 20 2022



#### Directly connecting users from Ukraine





Especially about hurting internet connectivity for people in Russia as a way to punish their government.

Compare to the effects of Trump's "maximum pressure" sanctions against Iran.

We will see the same outcome in Russia.



Home > Press > Press releases

Council of the EU Press release 2 March 2022 12:40

### EU imposes sanctions on state-owned outlets RT/Russia Today and Sputnik's broadcasting in the EU

The Council today introduced further restrictive measures in response to Russia's unprovoked and unjustified military aggression against Ukraine. By virtue of these measures, the **EU will urgently suspend the broadcasting activities of Sputnik' and RT/Russia Today** (RT English, RT UK, RT Germany, RT France, and RT Spanish) in the EU, or directed at the EU, until the aggression to Ukraine is put to an end, and until the Russian Federation and its associated outlets cease to conduct disinformation and information manipulation actions against the EU and its member states.



Systematic information manipulation and disinformation by the Kremlin is applied as an operational tool in its assault on Ukraine. It is also a significant and direct threat to the Union's public order and security. Today, we are taking an important step against Putin's manipulation operation and turning off the tap for Russian state-controlled media in the EU. We have already earlier put sanctions on leadership of RT, including the editor-in-chief Simonyan, and it is only logical to also target the activities the organisations have

FN

Q Search v







WTF Europe?? Why u like censoring so much??

Notice that our Russia Tor blocking story started at the beginning of December 2021.

From the rest of the world's perspective, the Russia story started in February 2022.

So (a) yeah they knew this was coming, and (b) internet censorship often serves as an early warning system for upcoming political events. Please run bridges!

Please run snowflakes!

Please run relays!

...How do we fix policy in these countries?

Please participate in anti-censorship research! https://foci.community/ attached to https://petsymposium.org (in Bristol in July). (Run bridges, snowflakes, relays! Fix policy! Research!)

Day 3 Tor spaces:

- general meetup (Saal E 16:00-18:00)
- relay operators meetup and Q&A (Saal D 20:30-22:00)
- torservers.net meetup (Saal D 00:00-01:30)