

# *Twisting Timing in your favour*

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Sie können  
uns ruhig  
abstrakte  
Konzepte  
vermitteln

# *Outline*

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- Intro
  - Common concurrency bugs – search & exploitation
  - How to find concurrency bugs – general advice
  - End note
-

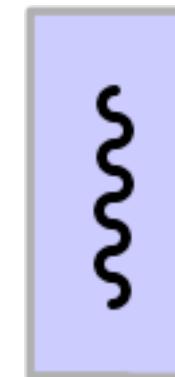
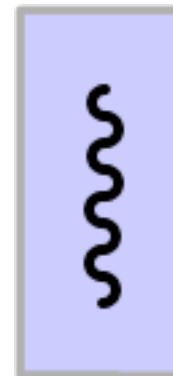
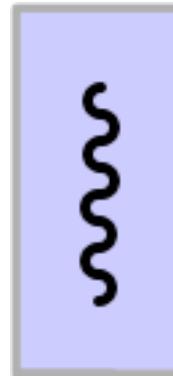
# *What are concurrency bugs?*

---

# *Where can concurrency bugs occur?*

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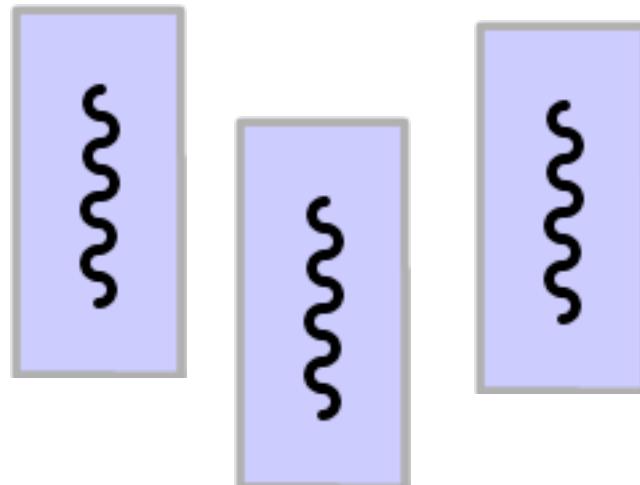
Multiple threads of execution...



# *Where can concurrency bugs occur?*

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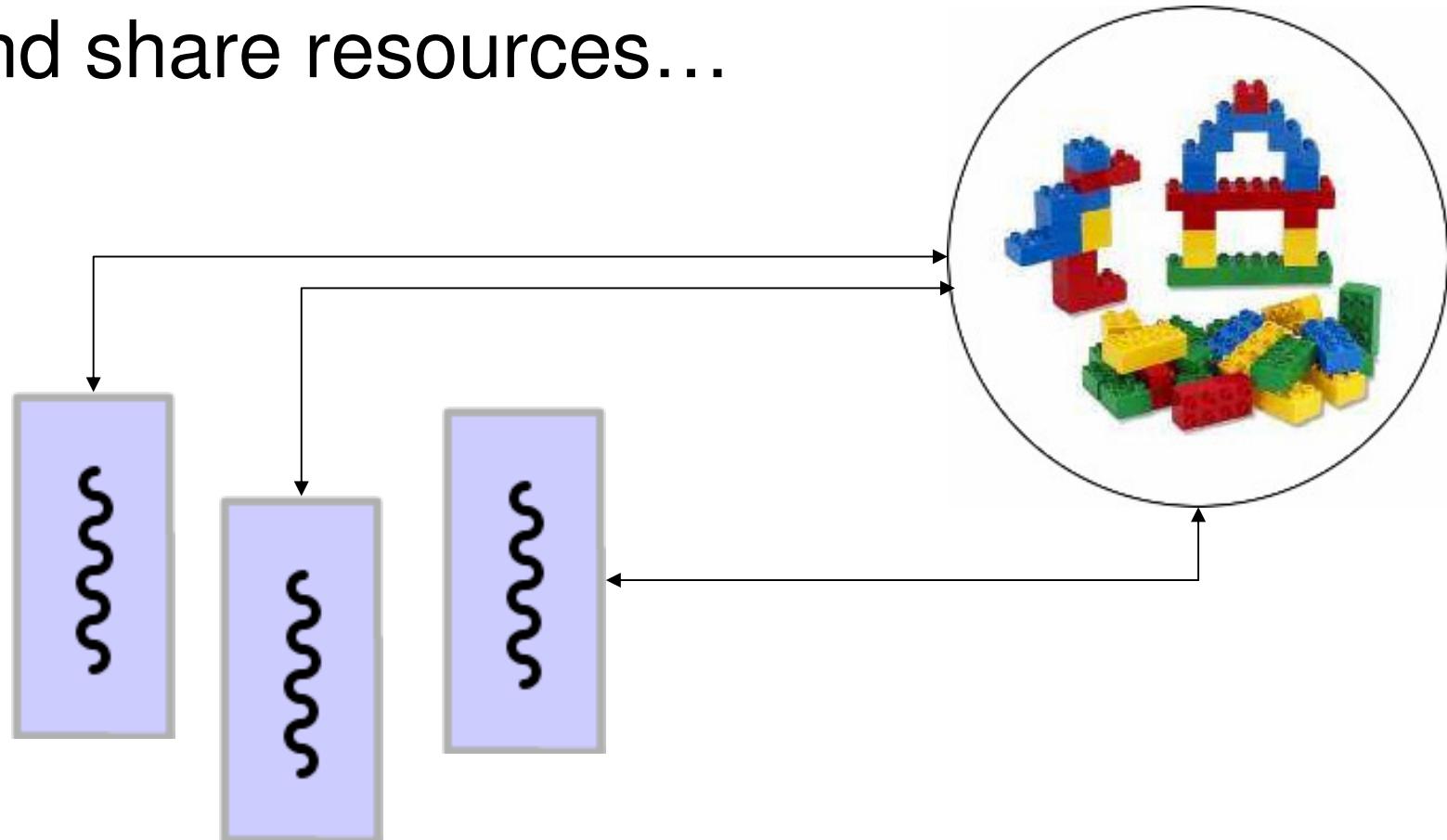
...that run simultaneously...



# *Where can concurrency bugs occur?*

---

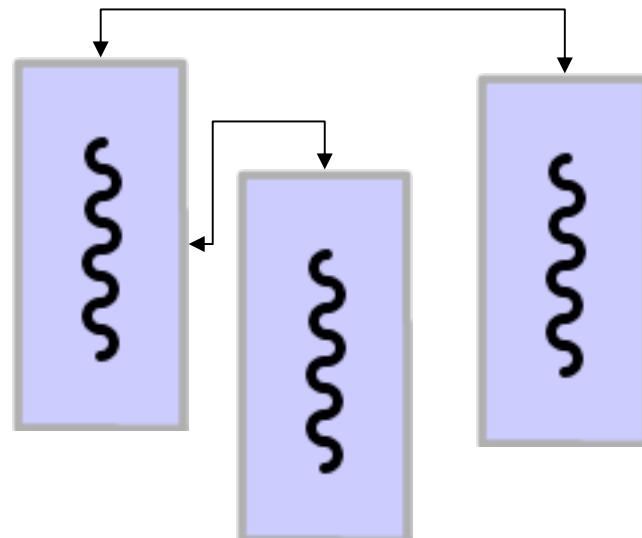
...and share resources...



# *Where can concurrency bugs occur?*

---

...or interact in some other way...



# ***Types of concurrency bugs***

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- Deadlocks
- Livelocks
- Mismatched communication
- False Sharing
- Race Conditions

# ***Types of concurrency bugs***

---

- Deadlocks
- Livelocks
- Mismatched communication
- False Sharing
- ***Race Conditions***

# *What is a Race Condition?*

---

# *Vanilla Race Condition*

---

```
#define CELLS 32
int rbf[CELLS];
int rbf_idx = 0;
uint32_t num_elems;
void rbf_store( int data ) {
    if (rbf_idx == CELLS)
        rbf_idx = 0;
    rbf[rbf_idx] = data;
    rbf_idx++;
    num_elems++; }
```

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)
    rbf_idx = 0;
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;
rbf_idx++;
num_elems++;
```

31

32

0

1

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)
    rbf_idx = 0;
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;
rbf_idx++;
num_elems++;
```

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)
    rbf_idx = 0;
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;
rbf_idx++;
```

31

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)
    rbf_idx = 0;
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;
rbf_idx++;
num_elems++;
```

32

0

1

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)  
    rbf_idx = 0;
```

31

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)  
    rbf_idx = 0;  
    rbf[rbf_idx] = data;  
    rbf_idx++;  
    num_elems++;
```

32

```
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;  
rbf_idx++;  
num_elems++;
```

33

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)  
    rbf_idx = 0;
```

31

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)  
    rbf_idx = 0;  
    rbf[rbf_idx] = data;  
    rbf_idx++;  
    num_elems++;
```

32

```
rbf[rbf_idx] = data;  
rbf_idx++;  
num_elems++;
```

33

```
if (rbf_idx == CELLS)  
    rbf_idx = 0;  
    rbf[33] = data;  
    rbf_idx = 33 + 1;  
    num_elems++;
```

# *Why I like Race Conditions*

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# ***Common Types of Race Conditions***

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- Forgotten lock
- File system races
- Signal races

# ***Forgotten lock***

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Two types:

- No synchronization at all – or
- Inconsequent use

→ Vanilla Race Condition

# ***Forgotten lock – finding it***

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- Synchronized access to all shared data and resources – in every single instance!
- Careful if several call layers are involved

# *File system race*

---

```
$TempDir =  
    $Config{'tmpdir'} . "logwatch." . $$ . "/";  
if ( -d $TempDir ) {  
    rmdir ($TempDir);  
}  
if ( -e $TempDir ) {  
    unlink ($TempDir);  
}  
[...]  
mkdir ($TempDir,0700);
```

```
$TempDir =  
    $Config{'tmpdir'} . "logwatch." . $$ . "/";  
if ( -d $TempDir ) {  
    rmdir ($TempDir);  
}  
if ( -e $TempDir ) {  
    unlink ($TempDir);  
}  
[...]  
mkdir ($TempDir,0700);
```

```
$Command = $FileText . $FilterText . ">" .
$TempDir . $LogFile;
[...]
`$Command`;
```

→ **\$Command:**

```
cat /var/log/secure |
/etc/log.d/scripts/shared/applystddate
>/tmp/logwatch.2342/secure
```

```
$Command = $FileText . $FilterText . ">" .  
$TempDir . $LogFile;  
[...]  
`$Command`;
```

→ \$Command:

```
cat /var/log/messages |  
/etc/log.d/scripts/shared/applystddate  
>/tmp/logwatch.2342/messages
```

→ /root/.bashrc

```
$ cat /root/.bashrc
Jul 30 23:33:15 [...] <Some log messages>
Jul 30 23:33:15 [...] ; echo foo > /etc/passwd #
Jul 30 23:33:15 [...] <More log messages>
$
```

```
$TempDir =  
    $Config{'tmpdir'} . "logwatch." . $$ . "/";  
if ( -d $TempDir ) {  
    rmdir ($TempDir);  
}  
if ( -e $TempDir ) {  
    unlink ($TempDir);  
}  
[...]  
mkdir ($TempDir,0700);
```

Time Of Check

Time Of Use

# *File system race – finding it*

---

- Temp file handling is a good place to look
- Look for sequences of file operations that accept paths as arguments

# *Signal Race*

---

- Calls to non-reentrant functions from signal handlers
- Reuse of non-reentrant signal handlers

# *Signal Race*

---

MyServer – multithreaded httpd

```
void Sig_Quit(int signal)
{
    Server::getInstance()->logWriteLn("Exiting...");
    sync();
    Server::getInstance()->stop();
}
```

```
sig2.sa_handler = Sig_Quit;
sigaction(SIGINT, &sig2,NULL); // catch ctrl-c
sigaction(SIGTERM,&sig2,NULL); // catch the kill
```

# *Signal Race*

# *Signal Race*

---

```
void Server::stop() {  
    mustEndServer = 1;  
}
```

# *Signal Race*

```
int Server::logWriteLn(const char* str)
```

```

int Server::logWriteLn(const char* str)
{
    if(!str)
        return 0;
    /*
     * If the log receiver is not the console output a timestamp.
     */
    if(logManager.getType() != LogManager::TYPE_CONSOLE)
    {
        char time[38];
        int len;
        time[0] = '[';
        getRFC822GMTTime(&time[1], 32);
        len = strlen(time);
        time[len + 1] = ']';
        time[len + 2] = ':';
        time[len + 3] = ':';
        time[len + 4] = '.';
        time[len + 5] = '\0';
        if(logManager.writeLn(time))
            return 1;
    }
    return logManager.writeln((char*)str);
}

```

```

int LogManager::write(const char *str, int len)
{
    int ret;
    if(type == TYPE_CONSOLE)
    {
        cout << str;
    }
    else if(type == TYPE_FILE)
    {
        u_long nbw;

        /*!
         *File was not loaded correctly.
         */
        if(!loaded)
        {
            return 1;
        }

        /*!
         *We reached the max file size.
         *Don't use this limitation if maxSize is equal to zero.
         */
        if(maxSize && (file.getFileSize() > maxSize))
        {
            if(storeFile())
                return 1;
        }

        /*!
         *If the len specified is equal to zero write the string as
         *a null character terminated one.
         */
        ret = file.writeToFile(str, len ? len : (u_long)strlen(str), &nbw);
        return ret;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

# *Signal Race – finding it*

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- Find sigaction()
- Find functions passed to sigaction()
- Inspect them

# ***Local static initialization in g++***

---

```
int foo()
{
    static int bar = lala();

    // More fancy code here
    // ...
}
```

<b>mov</b>	<b>\$ _helper,%eax</b>	<i>Load helper</i>
<b>movzbl</b>	<b>(%eax),%eax</b>	
<b>test</b>	<b>%al,%al</b>	<i>Test helper</i>
<b>jne</b>	<b>_leave</b>	
<b>mov</b>	<b>0x8(%ebp),%eax</b>	
<b>mov</b>	<b>%eax,(%esp)</b>	
<b>call</b>	<b>&lt;lala&gt;</b>	
<b>mov</b>	<b>%eax,bar</b>	<i>Initialize local static</i>
<b>mov</b>	<b>\$ _helper,%eax</b>	<i>Load helper</i>
<b>movb</b>	<b>\$0x1,(%eax)</b>	<i>Lock down helper</i>
<b>_leave:</b>		
<b>mov</b>	<b>bar,%eax</b>	

```
mov    $helper,%eax  
movzbl (%eax),%eax  
test   %al,%al  
jne    _leave  
mov    0x8(%ebp),%eax  
mov    %eax,(%esp)  
call   <lala>  
mov    %eax,bar
```

0

```
mov    $helper,%eax  
movb  $0x1,(%eax)  
_leave:  
mov    bar,%eax
```

0

```
mov    $helper,%eax
```

1

```
movzbl (%eax),%eax  
test   %al,%al  
jne    _leave  
mov    0x8(%ebp),%eax  
mov    %eax,(%esp)  
call   <lala>  
mov    %eax,bar
```

# *More educational examples*

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- Dietlibc (this is \_not\_ triggerable!)

```
#define BUF_SIZE 2048
#define MAX_LOGTAG 1000
static char LogTag[MAX_LOGTAG];
void __libc_openlog(const char *ident, int option, int facility) {
    if (ident) {
        strncpy(LogTag, ident, MAX_LOGTAG);
        LogTag[MAX_LOGTAG-1]=0;
    } ... }

void __libc_vsyslog(int priority, const char *format, va_list arg_ptr) {
    char buffer[BUF_SIZE];
    int headerlen =
        sprintf(buffer, 130, "<%d>%s %s:", priority, time_buf, LogTag);
    [...]
    buflen =
        vsnprintf(buffer+headerlen, BUF_SIZE - headerlen, format, arg_ptr);
}
```

# *Bizarre Race Conditions*

---

MyServer, server.cpp, line 679, in  
Server::terminate (not a deconstructor):

```
threadsMutex->lock();
threads.clear();
threadsMutex->unlock();
delete threadsMutex;
```

# ***General Advice: Finding RCs***

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- Look out for resources that are not obviously shared
  - Classic: libc function calls that use static variables internally
- Look out for constructs that indicate Singletons: `instanceOf` and `friends`

# ***Closing words***

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Software is *not* safe just because...

- ... it's not multithreaded
- ... it's not written in C/C++
- ... it's written in Erlang or friends